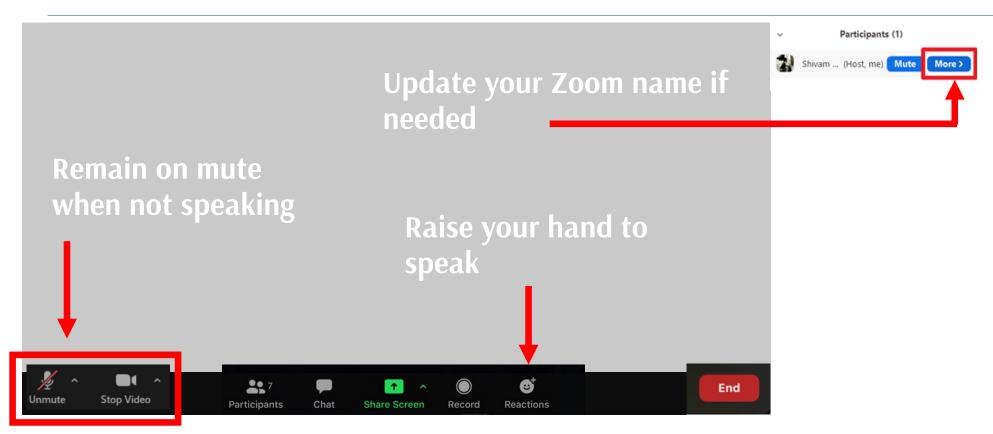


## WASHINGTON STATE ROAD USAGE CHARGE

RUC Cost of Collection Spotlight November 3, 2021



## **Zoom Interface and Controls**



Technical difficulties? Call or text Anneliese Gill, 206-708-9185

## Agenda

- 1) Welcome & introductions
- 2) RUC cost of collection workshop objectives
- 3) Workshop summaries
- 4) Emerging pilot concepts
- 5) Next steps



## **Welcome and Introductions**



## **RUC Cost of Collection Workshop Objectives**



## **Cost of collection reduction workshop approach**

Background research and initialization

- Cost analysis framework
- Challenge statements for each workshop
- Invite partner agencies

 ?.... ♀

 Workshops

 1 → 2 → 3

- Orientation: background briefing, challenge statement, and operating rules
- 1 week of dedicated work
- Presentation of findings

Report out

- Public policy elements
- System design concepts
- Concepts and recommendations for pilot testing
- Concepts and recommendations for other states and federal government in pilot testing or implementations

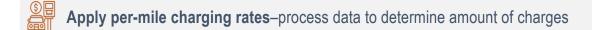
**WA RUC** 

#### **Analysis framework: essential functions**









- Provide invoice to owner/lessee—issue notice of the charge
- Collect payment–provide one or more ways to pay
- Issue acknowledgement of payment-create a receipt
- Enforce payment—apply mechanisms for ensuring everyone pays
- Remit revenue to appropriate fund—integrate revenue collection with financial systems



## **Schedule of topics**

- Week of September 13: Customer Service
- Week of September 27: Enforcement
- Week of October 11: Procurement & Certification

## **Participation**







## **Assumptions**



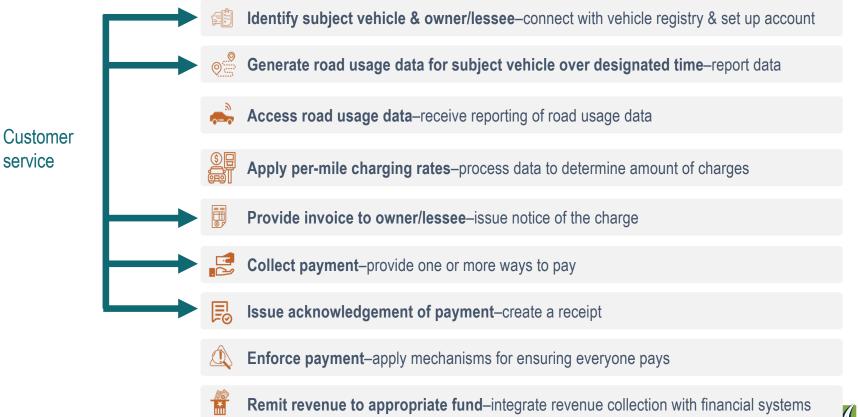




Manual mileage reporting method based on self reporting offered by DOL Automated mileage reporting options offered by or with support from private vendors

Responsibility for revenue collection, customer service, and vendor participation rests with DOL

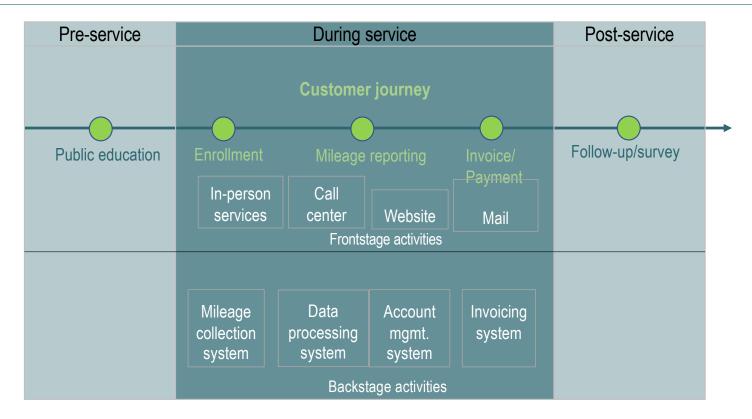
## **Topic 1: Customer service**



## Customer service challenge statement

Design a customer service center at low cost of operations.

## **Customer journey**



#### **Key Customer Service Objectives**

#### **Customer satisfaction**

- "Wow" the customer. This is not about compliance.
- Educate customers so they know what they need to do
- Keep it simple and easy for customers to complete tasks quickly



#### **Operational efficiency**

- Keep it simple and easy for the agency to administer
- Establish clear boundaries and ability to monitor via defined measures and metrics

## Public communication and information



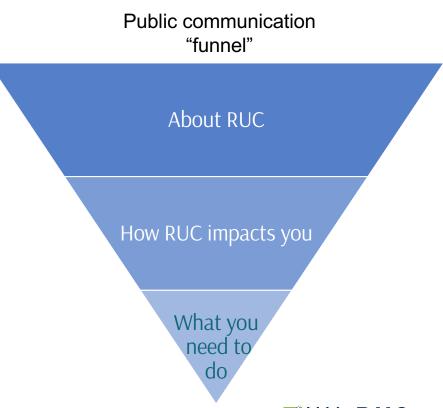


Mileage reporting



Follow-up/survey

- Trust in government is at an all-time low; agencies often struggle with communicating policy issues
- Understand customers and their circumstances
- Balance need for transparency with "need to know"
- Policy recommendations:
  - Allow sufficient start-up time to conduct customer outreach and education
  - Planning and executing public communication is worth investment



#### **Enrollment**



- Optimize channels. Think of four channels in Washington: subagents, DOL, License Xpress (DOL online), third party vendors/CAMs
- Streamline data flow.
  - Create a single copy of data across various accounts to reduce number of times customer has to enter data
  - DRIVES (DOL system) can be the hub for RUC, making essential data available to other channels via API

## Channels for information distribution

- Webpage
- Social media
- Direct mail: tab renewal and/or information kit directly targeted at vehicles subject to RUC
- · Literature at subagent locations
- Use QR codes



- Mileage data collection methods are not one-size-fits-all
- Levers to optimize data collection
  - o Go where the customers go
  - o Use third-party verification for self-reporting
  - o Use incentives to encourage compliance



- Transparency is key, but offer various levels of detail
- Balance detail with simplicity, accessibility
- Invoice types (like fleets) require dedicated formats
- DOL has the ability for vehicles to be listed on multiple accounts for payment, but household customers tend to renew one at a time anyway
- Consider bundling with other payments (commercial and/or government)
- Make RUC and registration payment channels consistent

#### Common threads and a gap

#### Common threads

- Get to know your customer and meet them where they are, sometimes literally
- Deploy targeted/customized support especially in early years of a new program
- Offer alternatives in all that we do—mileage reporting, payment methods, payment locations
- · Customize how issues are addressed

#### Gap

Managing customer changes

#### **Customer service provision**

Support making decision between flat fee and RUC. If a customer chooses RUC, support making decision between manual and automated reporting

- If odometer charging, support odometer mileage collection and payment
- If automated reporting, support handing off to CAM for next steps (enrollment)
- For manual reporting customers, annual support with odometer reporting and payment
- For automated customers, tier 2 support for CAM issues

#### **Customer service configuration**

- Create a new team dedicated to RUC in the customer service system
- Include RUC in subagent training
- Start small and gradually scale up, with RUC knowledge and skills disseminating over time
- Early days require "VIP" treatment for all customers to build understanding and trust
- Start with issue triage methodology based on lessons learned, but adjust over time

#### **Concepts to consider for further testing**

- Test alternative invoice concepts to enhance understanding and trust
- Test cost-effectiveness of incentives for driving customers to lower-cost methods (i.e., online)
- Test viability of existing non-governmental vehicle-related transactions for collecting mileage data and/or processing payments
- Test customer preferences for who to talk to (DOL vs. business partners) and how (chat, phone, email, etc.)
- Map customer journey: collect information on all vehicle-related transactions

## **Topic 2: Procurement & certification**



# Procurement and certification challenge statement

Design a regional procurement and certification process for RUC vendors with a market contract accessible by multiple states through service level agreements.

## **Procurement** and certification challenge statement

Design a regional procurement and certification process for RUC vendors with a market contract accessible by multiple states through service level agreements.

- **Regional procurement:** Process for multiple states to collaborate and share information on design of RUC elements that can be outsourced
- **Certification process**: The process of qualifying vendors for specific functions and granting them certification to do business in one or more states.
- **Market contract**: Standard commercial terms under which any qualified vendor operates, the details of which could vary from state to state
- Service level agreements (SLAs): Performance standards that vendors meet in order to maintain their qualification

## Spectrum of procurement possibilities for RUC



Full government delivery: set-up, operations, maintenance of system and provision of mileage reporting, fee collection, customer support and account management

Government delivery with contracting to private partners for specific functions Contracting to a single vendor to provide customer functions, with oversight by government "competition for the market"

Contracting to multiple qualified vendors to provide customer functions, with oversight by government "competition in the market"

Open market for qualified vendors to provide customer functions, with certification by government

## Elements of a market contract for RUC service providers

#### **Commonalities**

- Data collection, account management, customer service
- Issues to manage: privacy protection, data security, performance requirements.

#### **Key differences**

- Setup requirements, metrics, performance targets vary across mileage reporting methods
- Data requirements vary: may include fuel consumption, location data, and other data elements users can choose to share or which is collected depending on policy choices.

#### **Commercial terms**

- States can share benchmarks for performance like reliability, accuracy, security, privacy, distribution, and customer service
- Compensation per vehicle or as a fraction of gross revenue collected
- Consider bonding

#### **Contract duration**

- Can be fixed duration with renewals, or openended
- Termination define exit clauses, contingency, covered costs



#### Framework for multi-state certification

#### Elements of RUC vendor systems most useful to certify:

- Mileage reporting technologies
- Account management systems
- Customer service systems

Identify existing standards to leverage

Standardize certification process including testing procedures and presentation of test results



## Strategies to make testing more manageable for states

Self certification

Outsourcing

Internal testing



## Elements of a RUC system to certify

#### Mileage reporting technologies

- Devices and software
- Messages (mileage or odometer messages) and acknowledgements
- Exception management
- End to end message processing

#### **Account management systems**

- Transaction processing (correct computation of transaction data)
- Invoice charges/ rounding
- Workflows (for usability aspects)
- Payment options

#### **Customer service systems**

- Customer request handling processes
- Reporting capabilities
- Training (content, quality and frequency)



## External standards to leverage



PRIVACY PROTECTION (SOC2)



DATA SECURITY (ISO 27001)



PAYMENT PROCESSING (PCI)



BANKING STANDARDS



ACCOUNTING STANDARDS



PROOF OF FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY



**INSURANCE** 



## Creating value for certification in an open market





#### **Concepts to consider for further testing**



Create and vet a model market contract



Test an approach to creating and maintaining essential RUC standards

## **Topic 3: Enforcement**







Apply per-mile charging rates-process data to determine amount of charges

Provide invoice to owner/lessee—issue notice of the charge

**Collect payment**–provide one or more ways to pay

Issue acknowledgement of payment–create a receipt

Enforcement

Enforce payment-apply mechanisms for ensuring everyone pays

Remit revenue to appropriate fund-integrate revenue collection with financial systems

# Enforcement challenge statement

Design a low-cost enforcement regime that captures a relatively high percentage of violation events.

## Categorizing Non-Compliance

Voluntarily compliant

Short-term unintentionally non-compliant

Long-term unintentionally non-compliant

Long-term intentionally non-compliant (for "good" reason)

Long-term intentionally non-compliant (for no "good" reason)

Intentionally non-compliant (active evasion/cheating/fraud)









WA RUC 36

## Strategies for maximizing voluntary compliance

#### Design

Design for compliance with simplicity, centralized information, ease of payment

#### Language

Minimize
unintentional noncompliance through
clear, simple
language and eyecatching reminders

#### Coaxing

Work constructively with the intentionally non-compliant via direct letters, kind language, avoiding punishment or shaming

## Strategies for maximizing voluntary compliance

# Possibly based on eligibility criteria and not necessarily advertised Builds empathy with the unintentionally noncompliant Builds empathy with the unintentionally noncompliant good behavior

## How much enforcement is "enough"?



Establish threshold for collections process



For automated reporting, rely on commercial account managers



Registration renewal as a back-stop



Consider equity impacts of any proactive enforcement strategies

## Multi-state systems for RUC enforcement





## Recap: Themes

- High-quality customer experience
- Careful use of language
- Voluntary compliance
- Multi-state collaboration around information sharing, capacity building, and certification
- Pre-payment

## Recap: Pilot Concepts

#### **Customer service**

- Alternative invoice designs
- Incentivizing customers to low-cost channels
- Vehicle-related transactions for collecting mileage data and/or processing payments
- Customer interaction preferences
- Customer journeys maps

#### **Procurement & certification**

- Model market contract
- Standards creation process

#### **Enforcement**

Verification or audit for manual reporting

## Next steps

#### **Equity Spotlight**

Tuesday, November 23 9:00-10:30am

#### **Steering Committee Meeting**

Monday, December 13 10:00am-2:30pm

## THANK YOU

Consultant support provided by:











